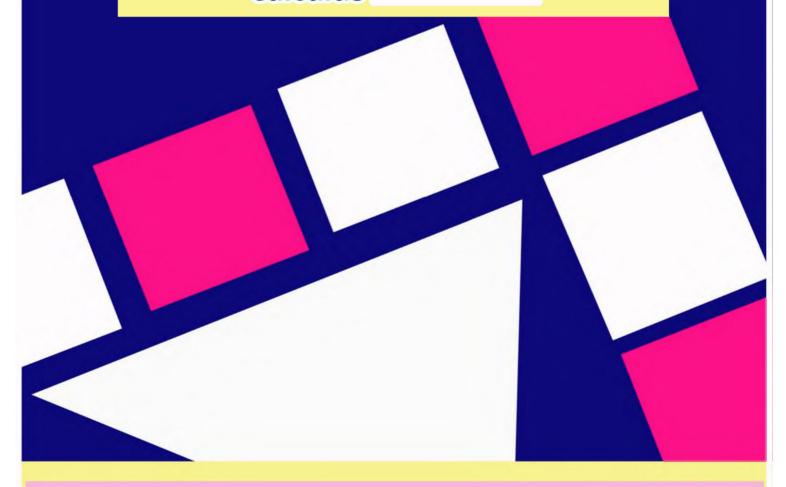
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Mathematics-Optional

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Calculus 2013 - 2021



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UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2013 Questions

1. Evaluate
$$\int_0^1 \left(2x \sin \frac{1}{x} - \cos \frac{1}{x} \right) dx$$
. [10M]

- 2. Using Lagrange's multiplier method, find the shortest distance between the line y = 10 2x and ellipse $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$. [20M]
- **3.** Compute $f_{xy}(0,0)$ and $f_{yx}(0,0)$ for the function

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy^3}{x+y^2}, (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, (x,y) = (0,0). \end{cases}$$

Also, discuss the continuity of f_{xy} and f_{yx} at (0,0).

[15M]

4. Evaluate $\iint_D xy \, dA$, where D is the region bounded by the line y = x - 1 and the parabola $y^2 = 2x + 6$. [15M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2014 Questions

- 1. Prove that between two real roots of $e^x \cos x + 1 = 0$, a real root of $e^x \sin x + 1 = 0$ lies. [10M]
- 3. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{\log_e(1+x)}{1+x^2} dx$ [10M]
- **4.** By using the transformation x + y = u, y = uv, evaluate the integral $\iint \{xy(1-x-y)\}^{1/2} dxdy \text{ taken over the area enclosed by the straight lines } x = 0, y = 0 \text{ and } x + y = 1.$ [15M]
- 5. Find the height of the cylinder of maximum volume that can be inscribed in a sphere of radius a. [15M]
- **6.** Find the maximum or minimum values of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ subject to the conditions $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$ and lx + my + nz = 0. Interpret the result geometrically.

[20M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2015 Questions

- 1. Evaluate the following limit: $\lim_{x \to a} \left[2 \frac{x}{a} \right]^{\tan\left(\frac{\pi x}{2a}\right)}$ [10M]
- **2.** Evaluate the following integral: $\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sin x}}{\sqrt[3]{\sin x} + \sqrt[3]{\cos x}} dx.$ [10M]
- **3.** A conical tent is of given capacity. For the least amount of Canvas required, for it, find the ratio of its height to the radius of its base. [13M]

- **4.** Evaluate the integral $\iint_R (x-y)^2 \cos^2(x+y) dx dy$ where R is the rhombus with successive vertices as $(\pi,0)(2\pi,\pi)(\pi,2\pi)(0,\pi)$. [12M]
- **5.** Evaluate $\iint_R \sqrt{|y-x^2|} dx dy$ where $R = \{-1, 1; 0, 2\}$. [13M]
- **6.** For the function $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 x\sqrt{y}}{x^2 + y}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$

Examine the continuity and differentiability.

[12M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2016 Questions

- 1. Evaluate $I = \int_0^1 \sqrt[3]{x \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)} dx$ [10M]
- 2. Find the maximum and minimum values of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ subject to the conditions $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{5} + \frac{z^2}{25} = 1$ and x + y z + 0. [20M]
- 3. Let $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x^4y 5x^2y^2 + y^5}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}, (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$

Find a $\delta > 0$ such that |f(x,y) - f(0,0)| < .01, whenever $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} < \delta$. [15M]

- **4.** Find the surface area of the plane x + 2y + 2z = 12 cut off by x = 0, y = 0 and $x^2 + y^2 = 16$. [15M]
- 5. Evaluate $\iint_R f(x, y) dx dy$ over the rectangle R = [0, 1; 0, 1] where

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} x+y, & \text{if } x^2 < y < 2x^2 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$
 [15M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2017 Questions

- 1. Integrate the function $f(x, y) = xy(x^2 + y^2)$ over the domain $R: \{-3 \le x^2 y^2 \le 3, 1 \le xy \le 4\}$ [10M]
- 2. Find the volume of the solid above the xy-palane and directly below the portion of the elliptic paraboloid $x^2 + \frac{y^2}{4} = z$ which is cut off by the palne z = 9. [15M]
- 3. If $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy(x^2-y^2)}{x^2+y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$

Calculate $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}$ and $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}$ at (0,0). [15M]

- **4.** Examine if the improper integral $\int_0^3 \frac{2xdx}{(1-x^2)^{2/3}}$ exists. [10M]
- 5. Prove that $\frac{\pi}{3} \le \iint_D \frac{dxdy}{\sqrt{x^2 + (y-2)^2}} \le \pi$ where D is the unit disc. [10M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2018 Questions

1. Determine if $\lim_{z\to 1}(1-z)\tan\frac{\pi z}{2}$ exists or not. If the limit exists, then find its value.

[10M]

2. Find the limit

[10M]

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{r=0}^{n-1} \sqrt{n^2 - r^2}.$$

- 3. Find the shortest distance from the point (1,0) to the parabola $y^2 = 4x$. [13M]
- **4.** The ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ revolves about the *x*-axis. Find the volume of the solid of revolution. [13M]
- 5. Find the shortest distance between the lines

$$a_1x + b_1y + c_1z + d_1 = 0$$

 $a_2x + b_2y + c_2z + d_2 = 0$ and the z-axis. [12M]

6. Let $f(x, y) = xy^2$, if y > 0

$$=-xy^2$$
, If $y \le 0$

Determine which of $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(0,1)$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(0,1)$ exists and which does not exist. [12M]

- 7. Find the maximum and the minimum values of $x^4 5x^2 + 4$ on the interval [2, 3]. [13M]
- **8.** Evaluate the integral $\int_0^a \int_{x/a}^x \frac{x \, dy dx}{x^2 + y^2}$. [12M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2019 Questions

- 1. Let $f: \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \to R$ be a continuous function such that $f(x) = \frac{\cos^2 x}{4x^2 \pi^2}$, $0 \le x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ Find the value of $f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
- 2. Let $f: D(\subseteq R^2) \to R$ be a function and $(a, b) \in D$. If f(x, y) is continuous at (a, b), then show that the functions f(x, b) and f(a, y) are continuous at x = a and at y = b respectively. [10M]

- 3. Is $f(x) = |\cos x| + |\sin x|$ differentiable at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$? If yes, then find its derivative at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$. If no, then give a proof of it. [10M]
- **4.** Find the maximum and the minimum value of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 9x^2 + 12x + 6$ on the interval [2, 3]. [15M]
- 5. If $u = \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x^{1/3} + y^{1/3}}{x^{1/2} + y^{1/2}}}$ then show that $\sin^2 u$ is a homogeneous function of x and y of degree $-\frac{1}{6}$. Hence show that $x^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\tan u}{12} \left(\frac{13}{12} + \frac{\tan^2 u}{12} \right)$ [12M]
- **6.** Using the Jabobian method, show that if $f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ and f(0) = 0, then

$$f(x) + f(y) = f\left(\frac{x+y}{1-xy}\right)$$
 [08M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2020 Questions

- 1. Evaluate $\sum_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} (\tan x)^{\tan 2x}$. [10M]
- 2. Find all the asymptotes of the curve $(2x + 3)y = (x 1)^2$. [10M]
- 3. Evaluate $\int_0^1 tan^{-1} \left[1 \frac{1}{x}\right] dx$. [15M]
- **4.** Consider the function $f(x) = \int_0^x (t^2 5t + 4)(t^2 5t + 6)dt$.
 - (i) Find the critical points of the function f(x).
 - (ii) Find the points at which local minimum occurs.
 - (iii) Find the points at which local maximum occurs.
 - (iv) Find the number of zeros of the function f(x) in [0,5]. [20M]
- 5. Find an extreme value of the function $u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$, subject to the condition 2x + 3y + 5z = 30, by using Lagrange's method of undetermined multiplier. [20M]

UPSC – MATHEMATICS optional – 2021 Questions

1. Given:
$$\Delta(x) = \begin{vmatrix} f(x+\alpha) & f(x+2\alpha) & f(x+3\alpha) \\ f(\alpha) & f(2\alpha) & f(3\alpha) \\ f'(\alpha) & f'(2\alpha) & f'(3\alpha) \end{vmatrix}$$
 [10M]

Where f is a real valued differentiable function and α is a constant. Find $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\Delta(x)}{x}$.

- 2. Show that between any two roots of $e^x \cos x = 1$, there exists at least one root of $e^x \sin x 1 = 0$. [10M]
- 3. Given that $f(x,y) = |x^2 y^2|$. Find $f_{xy}(0,0)$ and $f_{yx}(0,0)$. Hence show that $f_{xy}(0,0) = f_{yx}(0,0)$. [15M]
- **4.** If $u = x^2 + y^2$, $v = x^2 y^2$, where $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, then find $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(r,\theta)}$. [07M]
- 5. If $\int_0^x f(t)dt = x + \int_x^1 t f(t)dt$, then find the value of f(1). [05M]
- **6.** Express $\int_a^b (x-a)^m (b-x)^n dx$ in terms of Beta function. [08M]
- 7. Show that the entire area of the Astroid : $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = a^{2/3}$ is $\frac{3}{8}\pi a^2$. [15M]

